JMS Configuration Multi Entity Guide Oracle Banking Digital Experience Patchset Release 22.1.1.0.0

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Oracle Financial Services Software Limited Oracle Park Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax:+91 22 6718 3001 www.oracle.com/financialservices/

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1. Preface

1.1 Intended Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- Customers
- Partners

1.2 **Documentation Accessibility**

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

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http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs_if you are hearing impaired.

1.4 Structure

This manual is organized into the following categories:

Preface gives information on the intended audience. It also describes the overall structure of the User Manual.

The subsequent chapters describes following details:

- Introduction
- Preferences & Database
- Configuration / Installation.

1.5 <u>Related Information Sources</u>

For more information on Oracle Banking Digital Experience Patchset Release 22.1.1.0.0, refer to the following documents:

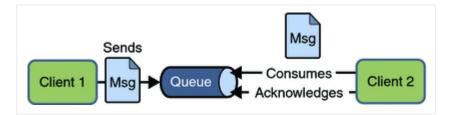
Oracle Banking Digital Experience Installation Manuals



2. Objective and Scope

2.1 Background

JMS (Java Message Service) is an API that provides the facility to create, send and read messages. It provides loosely coupled, reliable communication. Messaging enables distributed communication that is loosely coupled. A component sends a message to a destination, and the recipient can retrieve the message from the destination. However, the sender and the receiver do not have to be available at the same time in order to communicate. In fact, the sender does not need to know anything about the receiver; nor does the receiver need to know anything about the sender. The sender and the receiver need to know only which message format and which destination to use.JMS configuration is required to send message (request) to external system and receive processed message (response) from external system.



2.2 Objective and Scope

Define a common set of messaging concepts and facilities. The scope of this document is to provide steps to configure foreign server for connecting external system using JNDI provider and configure JMS queue to receive data from external system. Foreign server is used to send message to external system with help of JNDI Initial, JNDI connection url, JNDI connection factory and JNDI destination. To configure JMS receiver queue in web logic we have to create JMS server and JMS module. Where JMS module include creation of JMS connection factory, JMS queue and SubDeployment.

<u>Home</u>



3. JMS Step 1: Create foreign server in a weblogic server

3.1 Introduction and Definitions

A Foreign Server represents a JNDI provider that is outside WebLogic server. It contains information that allows a local WebLogic Server instance to reach a remote JNDI provider, thereby allowing for a number of foreign connection factory and destination objects to be defined on one JNDI directory.

3.1.1 Create a JMS Module

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select New
- Name: HostSystemModule
- Leave the other options empty
- Targets: obdx_server
- Press Next
- Leave "Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module" unchecked and press Finish .

JMS	Modules			
Ne	w Delete			Showing 1 to 7 of 7 Previous Next
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	EndPointJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	extXfaceJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	HostSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Ne	W Delete			Showing 1 to 7 of 7 Previous Next

3.1.2 Create a foreign Server

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule and press New
- Select Foreign Server and Next
- Name: ForeignServer (Once you create a foreign server, you cannot rename it. Instead, you must delete it and create another one that uses the new name) and Click Next to proceed to the targeting page or click **Finish** to create the foreign server.

Sur	nmary of Resources					
N	Delete			Showir	ig 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next	
	Name A Type JNDI Name Subdeployment Targets					
	ForeignServer	Foreign Server	N/A	Default Targeting	obdx_server	
N	ew Delete			Showir	ig 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next	



3.1.3 To configure additional properties for the new foreign server

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration> General tab
- Enter Following details.
 - JNDI Initial: enter the name of the class that must be instantiated to access the JNDI provider. For example (weblogic.jndi.WLInitialContextFactory)
 - JNDI Connection URL: enter the URL that WebLogic Server uses to contact the JNDI provider. (http://IP:port)
- Click Save.

Configuration Subdeployment	Notes	
General Destinations Connecti	ion Factories	
Save		
	provider that resides outside a WebLogic Server. It contains information th destination objects (queues or topics) can be defined on one JNDI directo	at allows WebLogic Server to reach the remote JNDI provider. This way, a ry. Use this page to configure a foreign server.
街 Name:	ForeignServer	The name of this foreign server. More Info
JNDI Initial Context Factory:	weblogic.jndi.WLInitialCont	The name of the class that must be instantiated to access the JNDI provider. This class name depends on the JNDI provider and the vendor that are being used. More Info
個 JNDI Connection URL:	http://mum00aoz.in.oracle.com:6003	The URL that WebLogic Server will use to contact the JNDI provider. The yntax of this URL depends on which JNDI provider is being used. For WebLogic JMS, leave this field blank if you are referencing WebLogic JMS
		objects within the same cluster. More Info
JNDI Properties Credential:		Any Credentials that must be set for the JNDI provider. These Credentials will be part of the properties will be passed directly to the constructor for the JNDI provider's InitialContext class. Note: For secure credential management, use the Credential field. Using the Properties field results in the credential being stored and displayed as oxiginally cantered. More

3.1.4 Create foreign connection factories

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration> Connection Factories tab press New
- Enter Following details
 - > Name: enter a name for the foreign connection factory.
 - Local JNDI Name: specify the name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's JNDI tree and is used to look up the object on the local server.
 - Remote JNDI Name: specify the name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI directory.
- Click Ok.



Settings f	or Fore	ignCon	nectionFa	ictory				
Configur	ration	Notes						
Save								
instance	e of Web	Logic Se	erver runni	connection fac ing in a differe onnection fac	ent cluster or server, or	other server instance and is accessible via a foreign provider, as long as that provic	a JNDI. A rem der supports J	ote connection factory can be used to refer to another NDI.
街 Name	e:			ForeignCor	nnectionFactory		The name of	this foreign connection factory. More Info
④ Local	I JNDI I	Name:		HostQC	F		JNDI tree. Th	at the remote object will be bound to in the local server's his is the name that should be used to look up the object on ver. More Info
街 Remo	ote JND)I Name	2:	HostQC	F		The name of lirectory. N	the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI Aore Info
Settings fo	or Forei	gnServ	er					
Configura	ation	Subdep	loyment	Notes				
General	Destin	ations	Connect	ion Factorie	s			
another	instance	e of Web	Logic Sen	ver running in		rver, or a foreign provider, as long as th		. A remote connection factory can be used to refer to upports JNDI.
Custom	iize this	table						
Foreign	Connec	tion Fa	ctories (F	iltered - Mo	re Columns Exist)			
New	Delete							Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
🔲 Na	me 🚕					Local JNDI Name		Remote JNDI Name
E For	eignCon	nection	actory			HostQCF		HostQCF
New	Delete							Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next

3.1.5 Create foreign destinations

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration>Destination tab press New
- Enter Following details
 - > Name: enter a name for the foreign destination.
 - Local JNDI Name: specify the name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's JNDI tree and is used to look up the object on the local server.
 - Remote JNDI Name: specify the name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI directory.
- Click Ok.



Settings for ForeignDestin	ation		
Configuration Notes			
Save			
	I the object will be returned from		local server, a look-up will be performed automatically on the
街 Name:	ForeignDestination	The	name of this foreign destination. More Info
🖞 Local JNDI Name:	HostProcess	JND	name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's I tree. This is the name that should be used to look up the object on local server. More Info
🚝 Remote JNDI Name:	HostProcess		name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI ctory. More Info
Configuration Subdeplo	yment Notes		
General Destinations	Connection Factories		
JNDI directory, and the ob	c or queue) can be found on a ject will be returned from that d foreign destinations that have b	irectory.	ocal server, a look-up will be performed automatically on the remote
Customize this table			
Foreign Destinations			
New Delete			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
🔲 Name 🐟		Local JNDI Name	Remote JNDI Name
ForeignDestination		HostProcess	HostProcess
New Delete			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next

Home



4. JMS Step 2 - How to Create a Simple JMS Queue in Weblogic Server

4.1 Introduction and Definitions

A JMS queue in Weblogic Server is associated with a number of additional resources:

JMS Server

A JMS server acts as a management container for resources within JMS modules. Some of its responsibilities include the maintenance of persistence and state of messages and subscribers. A JMS server is required in order to create a JMS module.

JMS Module

A JMS module is a definition which contains JMS resources such as queues and topics. A JMS module is required in order to create a JMS queue.

Subdeployment

JMS modules are targeted to one or more WLS instances or a cluster. Resources within a JMS module, such as queues and topics are also targeted to a JMS server or WLS server instances. A subdeployment is a grouping of targets. It is also known as advanced targeting.

Connection Factory

A connection factory is a resource that enables JMS clients to create connections to JMS destinations.

JMS Queue

A JMS queue (as opposed to a JMS topic) is a point-to-point destination type. A message is written to a specific queue or received from a specific queue.

The objects used in this example are:

Object Name	Туре	JNDI Name
ExtXfaceJMSServer	JMS Server	
extXfaceJMSModule	JMS Module	
extXfaceSubdeployment	Subdeployment	
ReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	

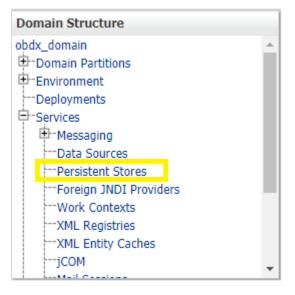


Object Name	Туре	JNDI Name
ReceiverQueue	JMS Queue	

1. Configuration Steps-The following steps are done in the WebLogic Server Console, beginning with the left-hand navigation menu.

Create Persistent store-

- Here you have to Create a new persistent store (Once the persistent store is created that can be used for both sender and receiver serever. Hence there is no nedd to create a different persistent store for two different servers.) Hence Before creating a JMS server you need to create the Persistent store if its not already created. Follow the steps shown below for creating a persistent store.
- Select Services > Persistent Stores.



First Select Lock & Edit as shown-

Change Center
View changes and restarts
Click the Lock & Edit button to modify, add or delete items in this domain.
Lock & Edit
Release Configuration



• Select new and the select create FileStore from the list as shown below-

rsistent Stores							
New > Delete Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous Ne							
Create FileStore	Туре	Target	Scope	Domain Partitions			
Create ReplicatedStore (Exalogic)	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
EndPointFS	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
FileUploadFileStore	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
mds-owsm	FileStore		Global				
ReportsFileStore	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				

- Give the name of the filestore. Example- EndPointFS and the Directory location, example /scratch/obdx/wls. Directory location field is optional and the path given above is just an example, it may vary according to the server.
- Click Next.
- Select the target server as shown in following snapshot-

	inistration Console 12c				
Change Center	🟦 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help				
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Services >Summary of Persistent Stores >Summary of Services >Summary of Persistent Stores >EndPointFS >Summary of Persistent Stores				
No pending changes exist. Click the Release	Create a New File Store				
Configuration button to allow others to edit the domain.	Back Next Finish Cancel				
Lock & Edit					
Release Configuration	JMS File Store Targets				
Domain Structure	This page indicates on which WebLogic Server instances or clusters the jms file store is accessible. Only applications that have been deployed to the sele				
obdx_domain	When you target all or part of a cluster, the Administration Console initiates a two-phase deployment. In general, such a deployment ensures that if the				
Domain Partitions Environment					
Deployments	Select a server instance for this file store.				
-Services	Target: obdx_server v				
Messaging					
Data Sources Persistent Stores	Back Next Finish Cancel				
Foreign JNDI Providers	Look trong London				
Work Contexts					

• Click Finish.



4.1.1 Create a JMS Server

Services > Messaging > JMS Servers



Select New.

Ne	Delete					Sho	wing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous Ne
	Name 🚕	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	AsyncFailureLogFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	AuditJMSServer	AuditFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	FileUploadJMSServer	FileUploadFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ReportsJMSServer	ReportsFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	

- Name: Give name as for example-ExtxfaceReceiverServer.
- After naming the server **Click next** as shown in following example screenshot.

Create a New JMS Server					
Back Next Finish C	Sancel				
JMS Server Properties					
The following properties will b * Indicates required fields	pe used to identify your new JMS Server.				
What would you like to name y	our new JMS server?				
*Name: ExtxfaceReceiverServer					
Would you like this new JMS server to be restricted to a specific resource group template or resource group ?					
Scope: Global V					
Back Next Finish Cancel					

- **Persistent Store**: Select the name Persistent store from the dropdown list which was created in the previous step. Example-EndPointFS.
- Click Next.



Create a New JMS Server						
Back Next Finish Cancel						
Select Persistent Store						
Specify a persistent store for the ne	Specify a persistent store for the new JMS server.					
Persistent Store: EndPointFS						
Back Next Finish Cancel						

- **Target**: Target should Point to the **Weblogic server cluster** as in this case target is set to **obdx_server1** cluster. (Or any other available cluster).
- Click Finish.

Create a New JMS Server						
Back Next Finish Cancel						
Select targets						
Select the server instance or migratable target on which you would like to deploy this JMS server.						
Target: obdx_server1 v						
Back Next Finish Cancel						

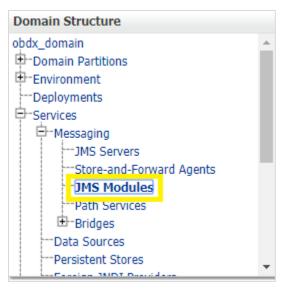
The JMS server should now be visible in the list.

JMS Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)							
Click the Lock & Edit button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.							
New Delete Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous Next							
	Name 🚕	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	AsyncFailureLogFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	AuditJMSServer	AuditFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	FileUploadJMSServer	FileUploadFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ReportsJMSServer	ReportsFileStore	obdx server1	obdx_server1		Global	



4.1.2 Create a JMS Module

• Services > Messaging > JMS Modules.



• Select New.

New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Next					
	Name 🚕	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions	
)	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global		
D	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global		
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global		
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global		

- Name: Provide name for JMS Module.
- Leave the other options empty.
- Click Next.



What would you like to name your	System Module?
* Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverModule
Would you like this new JMS System	n Module to be restricted to a specific resource group template or resource group ?
Scope:	Global •
What would you like to name the d	escriptor file name? If you do not provide a name, a default will be assigned.
Descriptor File Name:	
Where would like to place the descr	riptor for this System Module, relative to the jms configuration sub-directory of your domain?
Location In Domain:	
Back Next Finish Cance	

• Targets: **Obdx_Cluster** (or choose any other clusters available).

• Press Next.

Targets :	
Servers	
AdminServer	
Clusters	
 Ø obdx_cluster Ø All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster obdx_server1 	
Back Next Finish Cancel	

Leave "Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module" unchecked and press $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Finish}}$.



	Modules w Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Ne
)	Name 🏟	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
D	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	

4.1.3 Create a SubDeployment

A subdeployment is not necessary for the JMS queue to work, but it allows you to easily target subcomponents of the JMS module to a single target or group of targets. We will use the subdeployment in this example to target the following connection factory and JMS queue to the JMS server we created earlier.

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules.
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule.

MS Modules						
New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Next						
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions		
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global			
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global			

• Select the **Subdeployments** tab and click **New.**



Settings for ExtxfaceReceiverModule							
Config	Configuration Subdeployments Targets Security Notes						
facto	This page displays subdeployments created for a JMS system module. A subdeployment is a mechanism by which JMS module resources (such as queues, topics, and connection factories) are grouped and targeted to a server resource (such as JMS servers, server instances, or cluster).						
New Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next							
	□ Name A Resources Targets						
	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep		ExtxfaceReceiverQueue	Extxfa	aceReceiverServer		
Nev	New Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next						

- Subdeployment Name: give subdeployment name. example- ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep
- Press Next.

Create a New Subdeployment	
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Subdeployment Properties	
The following properties will be used to identify your new sul * Indicates required fields	.bdeployment.
* Subdeployment Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep
Back Next Finish Cancel	

- Here you can select the target(s) for the subdeployment. You can choose either Servers (i.e. WebLogic managed servers, such as the **obdx_server**) or JMS Servers such as the JMS Server created earlier. As the purpose of our subdeployment in this example is to target a specific JMS server, we will choose the JMS Server option. Select the <u>ExtxfaceReceiverServer</u> created earlier.
- Press Finish.

Targets	
Please select targets for the Subdeployment	
Clusters	
 obdx_cluster All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster obdx_server1 	
JMS Servers	
AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	
AuditJMSServer	
✓ ExtxfaceReceiverServer	
ExtxfaceSenderServer	
FileUploadJMSServer	
ReportsJMSServer	
Back Next Finish Cancel	



4.1.4 Create a Connection Factory

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule and press New.

MS Modules								
New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Nex								
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions				
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	AuditIMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
]	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					

Summary of Resources								
New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next								
	Name 🐟	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets			
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1			
	ExtxfaceReceiverOueue	Oueue	ExtSystemReceiverOueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer			

• Select Connection Factory and click Next.

Use these pages to create resources in a JMS system module, such as queues, topics, templates, and connection factories.					
Depending on the type of resource you select, you are prompted to enter basic information for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, connection factories, distributed queues and topics, foreign servers, and JMS SAF destinations, you can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can also associate targetable resources with subdeployments, which is an advanced mechanism for grouping JMS module resources and the members to server resources.					
Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info					
Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More info					
Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info					

- Name: Give name of the connection factory example- ExtxfaceReceiverQCF. JNDI Name: ExtSystemReceiverQCF.
- Click Next.



Create a New JMS System Module Resou	rce
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Connection Factory Properties	
The following properties will be used to ide * Indicates required fields	ntify your new connection factory. The current module is ExtxfaceReceiverModule.
What would you like to name your new conr	nection factory?
* Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF
What JNDI Name would you like to use to lo	ok up your new connection factory?
JNDI Name:	ExtSystemReceiverQCF
The Connection Factory Subscription Sharing sharable?	Policy Subscribers can be used to control which subscribers can access new subscriptions. Should subscriptions created using this factory be
Subscription Sharing Policy:	Exclusive •
	than one JMS connection can use the same Client ID. Oracle recommends setting the Client ID policy to Unrestricted if sharing durable rent Client ID policies are always treated as independent subscriptions. What Client ID Policy would you like to use?
Client ID Policy:	Restricted •
A connection factory can limit the number of	f messages that can queued for an asynchronous session. Should this connection factory impose a limit?
Maximum Messages per Session:	10

- Select Default Targeting Enabled and Press Finish
- The connection factory should be listed on the following page with **Default Targeting** as Subdeployment and WebLogic cluster as the target.

4.1.5 Create a JMS Queue

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule and Click New.

IMS Modules								
New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Nex								
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions				
D	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
)	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					

Summary of Resources								
New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next								
	Name 🖚	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets			
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1			
- 1				ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer			



• Select Queue and Click Next.

Choose the type of resource you want to create.	
Jse these pages to create resources in a JMS system module, suc	h as queues, topics, templates, and connection factories.
connection factories, distributed queues and topics, foreign server	to enter basic information for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, 's, and JMS SAF destinations, you can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You ch is an advanced mechanism for grouping JMS module resources and the members to server resources.
Connection Factory	Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info
Queue	Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More Info
) Торіс	Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info
Distributed Queue	Defines a set of queues that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, bu which are accessible as a single, logical queue to JMS clients. More Info

- Name: Provide name of the message queue. example- ExtxfaceReceiverQueue.
 JNDI Name: Provide JNDI name. example- ExtSystemReceiverQueue.
 Template: None.
- Press Next.

Create a New JMS System Module Resource						
Back Next Finish Cancel						
JMS Destination Properties						
The following properties will be used to identify your new Queue. The current module is ExtxfaceReceiverModule.						
* Indicates required fields						
* Name: ExtxfaceReceiverQueue						
JNDI Name: ExtSystemReceiverQueue						
Template: None •						
Back Next Finish Cancel						

- **Subdeployments:** Give the name of the sub-deployment name in which Queue is supposed to be added. **Example-** ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep.
- Select the Target as <u>ExtxfaceReceiverServer</u> Click Finish.



Back Next Finish Cancel						
The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource						
Use this page to select a subdeployment to assign this system module resource. A subdeployment is a mechanism by which JMS resources are grouped and targeted to a server instance, cluster, or SAF agent. If necessary, you can create a new subdeployment by clicking the Create a New Subdeployment button. You can also reconfigure subdeployment targets later by using the parent module's subdeployment management page.						
Select the subdeployment you want to use. If you select (none), no targeting will occur.						
Subdeployments: ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep Create a New Subdeployment						
What targets do you want to assign to this subdeployment?						
Targets :						
JMS Servers						
AsyncFailureLogJMSServer						
AuditJMSServer						
ExtxfaceReceiverServer						
ExtxfaceSenderServer						
FileUploadJMSServer						
ReportsJMSServer						

The **ReceiverQueue** should be listed on the following page with Sub-deployment as **ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep** and target as **ExtxfaceReceiverServer**.

	Customize this table								
	New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous New								
	Name 🖚	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets				
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1				
	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue	Queue	ExtSystemReceiverQueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer				
Ne	ew Delete				Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Net				

Confirm the resources for the **ExtxfaceReceiverModule**. Using the Domain Structure tree, navigate to Services > Messaging > JMS Modules then select **ExtxfaceReceiverModule**

bbdx_domain Domain Partitions Domain Partitions Deployments Services		tomize this table Modules y Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Nex
-MessagingJMS Servers		Name 🚕	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
Store-and-Forward Agents		AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Path Services		AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Bridges Data Sources		ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Persistent Stores		ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Families 1MDT Danidans		ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
low do I		ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Configure JMS system modules		FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Configure resources for JMS system modules		ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
		UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
system Status	Nev	W Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous Ne



You should see the following resources-

Summary of Resources						
Ne	Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next					
	Name 🚕	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets	
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1	
2	ExtxfaceReceiverOueue	Queue	ExtSystemReceiverOueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	

The JMS queue is now complete and can be accessed using the JNDI names

ExtSystemReceiverQCF And ExtSystemReceiverQueue..

Note: Repeat the above process from the step 4.1 i.e Create File-Store to create the JMS Configuration for Sender module. Separate JMS Server , Module and Queues would get created for Sender.

Home

